The export of specie from this port for the last week was as follows: Steamer Falton, Havre—gold...... Steemer Borusia, Hamburg—sliver..... Total for the week..... The Miner's Journal, for this week, sums up the coal

trade as follows: The quantity sent by railroad this week is 24,354.06

tens; by caval, 33,279.19; for the week 57,634.05 tuns, against 84,859 tuns for the corresponding week last year, showing a loss for the week of 27,225 tuns.

The shioments from all regions sum up this week as

sonows:		_		*******
11	860.	1	861.	Dec. &
P. & R. R. A. 43,300 Seinyl. Canal	Total. 1,275,631 229,623 509,463 632,619 356,631 127,189 356,434 232,456 180,225 22,212 111,004	26,590 18,236 4,185 24,008	Total: 1,655,757 669,200 507,006 507,574 542,739 156,669 337,977 401,639 111,147 30,648 146,885 129,857 26,320 47,109 47,889	219,734 160,420 d 2,537 d94,445 26,199 29,430 d17,437 139,64 d60,478 £,436 28,801 116,633 d31,017 d 7,903 9,550
174 802 152,904	5,088,200 4,741,773	152,904	4,741,772	
01.040	346.498			

sent loss continues for the balance of the season, the falling off this year in the supply of Authra-cite Coal will reach half a million of tons. The loss so far is 346,428 tups.

The Pottsville Miners' Journal of the 24th has the

The Transporting Companies have given notice by

The Pransporting Companies have given notice by circulars that the rates of toll and transportation will be advanced 15 cents on the 1st of September.

The following are the advertised prices of coal to be charged by the Delaware and Hudson Company at Ronsbort, and also the Scranton Coal Company at Elizabethport, on board vessele, on and after the 1st of September.

10 To		Del. c Hudson Co.		Beranton Coal Co.	
		ept, and	Nov. and	Sept. and Oct.	Nov. and Dec.
	SEL PROPERTY.	Det	Dec.	\$3 65	\$3.90
	Steam Lump	3.70		3 75	3 10
	Grate	3.75	3 90		3 95
	X 25	3 85	4 00		3 10
	Buve	4 00	4 15		# 15 B 25
	Chescaus		3 25		

It has been alleged that these Companies have been selling coal below the carcular prices, but we are in-formed that they have no evidence of their not conforming to circular prices.

The Newark Daily in an article upon the banking

The Newark Daily in an article upon the banking interest of that city remarks:

They are in connection with the other banks of the country, doing their share in farnishing means to aid the Government. Simultaneous with the cast of the President for troops, the more yet institutions of this city patriotically came forward and placed at the disposal of the Governor of this State, a large sum for the maintenance and equipment of thoops, thereby relieving the Executive from pecuniary embarrassment. It is also probable that they will take a fair proportion of the treasury notes of the General Government.

The Boston Daily Adverture says:

of the treasury notes of the General Government.

The Boston Darky Adverture says:

The business prospects are slowly improving, and many favorable indications are presented favoring the future. The imports of the country continue on a very limited scale. Specie will continue to be received. for our exports, which continue large. The abundant sapply of capital will be freely circuisted in procuring supplies for the army and navy, and many who have been thrown out of employment in their regular business, are being profitably exercised in furnishing material for the various uses of Government. The money market pre-ents few items of interest. The demand market presents few items of interest. The deman for capital has been slightly increased in consequence of the Government loan, and much of the ide capital has been called into use. The rate sfor first-class paper has been caned into use. The rates for hist-class paper remain as previously reported, giving the borrower the advantage. The want of confidence prevents an easy supply to a certain class of borrowers, who continue to pay high rates.

The Milwanker Sentinel of the 24th says:

There was no change in monetary matters y day, excepting further indications of weakness in the exchange market. The current rates were nominally as breesfore quoted, but the banks evinced less withingness to purchase except at a wider margin than 1 \$\mathcal{P}\$ can—a state of things which almost invariably precedes a decline. Outside rates varied from \(4\frac{1}{2}\psi^2\) went prem.; current bank rate 5 \$\mathcal{P}\$ cent."

The Cincinnati Gazette of Saturday says: "Exchange is growing scarcer, not from gny improvement in demand, but owing to meager receipts. As a consequence prices are siffening, and buying rates may be called 1 higher; but as yet no change has been made in selling prices, which remain at 4 prem. There is a moderate demand for gold at 40 x 50

The Money market is without change. There is a The Money market is without change. There is a fair and increasing sapply of currency, and good paper meets a ready sale at 10 2 12 f cent. Treasury notes are heavier, and the only sales heard of to-day were at 97. The offerings, however, were light. Our merchants now in many cases take these notes in payment for goods at par. A leading provision house offered to sell pork and bacon at current rates, taking the notes

at their face.
Farmers in I-diana, since threshing commenced, are found to be holding back, the crop not turning out as well in quantity as anticipated. The yield, however, is a fair one, and there is an abundant supply in the country. An experienced dealer in flour informs us that the crop of 1861 makes much better flour than that of 1860. Flour has an upward tendency. There is only a moderate demand, but the stock is light, and it would be difficult to buy round lots of any descrip-

The Philadelphia Bulletin of Saturday says: Among the merchants a more confident feeling pre-vails, but business is most departments is extremely dull. A few Western merchants have come forward and commenced purchasing their Fall supplies, but they buy sparingly, and manifest no disposition to take more than will su, ply their immediate and most neces-sitous wants. sitous wants.

The Mobile News says:

The Secretary of the (Confederate) Treasury, under special condition, is authorized to issue not exceeding \$100,000,000 in Treasury Notes. The act also provides for a tax of 50 cents on every hundred doirides for a tax of 50 cents en every hundred dollars worth of real estate, claves, merchandise, bank and other stock, money at interest (excepting Confederate Bonds). It also taxes at the same rate, cash on hand, cattle, gold watches, gold and silver-plate, pianos, pleasure-carriages, &c. Any family whose property is less than \$580, is exempt from taxation. Colleges, schools, and charitable institutions, are also exempt. Said notes are to be funded in bonds ranning for twenty years, at eight per cent interest. Each State will constitute a tax division, under a Chief Collector, who will have superintendence of the collecting operation.

Collector, who will be considered the consideration.

The Richmond Enquirer remarks:
Gold and silver are now selling in the Southern States at from ten to fifteen per cent for current bank bills. A sound and uniform currency is as essential to the health and vigor of the Confederacy and the Government as healthy red blood is to the power and enthe health and vigor of the Confederacy and the Government as healthy red blood is to the power and endurance of the body. This thing of a depreciated currency is just now more to be feared to an all of Lincoln's legions. It is what ought not to be, and cannot be submitted to by the Southern people. It is intolerable that the ranks should be exempt by law from the obligation to redeem their currency in specie, and, at the same time, sell the very gold and silver with which it ought to be redeemed for ten to fifteen per cent in exchange for their own bills.

Markets-Carefully Reported for The N. Y. Tribune.
Monnay, Aug. 26, 1801.
ASHES-The market is quiet for both kinds; sales of Fots at

55.26, and Pearis at \$5.57. COFTON-The market has been firmer, with moderate sales; we quote at 182.218, c. for Middling Uplands and Gulf; sales of Tio bales. COFFEE—Rio is quiet, but steady; sales of 136 bags at 132.20

To bales.

COFFEE—Rio is quiet, but steady; sales of 726 bags at 132 @ 164c. Other kinds are dull.

Level Other dull of the sales are 15,800 bits, at state of the sales are 15,800 bits, at 44 30 at 44 50 at 45 10 at 45 10 at 45 45 at 45 45 at 45

HAY-The supply of New to large and the demand is good; sales of 340 bales at 40250c. \$100 fbc. HOPS—The market is quiet. The only sales we hear of are 30 bales 1860 at 16622c. Old are neglected and prices rule in the buyer's favor. Hills are quiet, with an increasing stock, and general depression.

him E-There have been no transactions in Rockland, and brides are nominal. Last sales of Common at We., and Lump at prices are nominal.

AIME—There have been in transfer in the prices are nominal. Last sales of Common at 70c., and Lump at 80c.

MCLASSES—The market is firm, but quiet; sales of 20 hids. Porto Rico, at 236-30c., and 10 hids. Barbadoes, at 23c.

NAVAL STORES—The market for Spirits Turpestive is firm and the demand moderate; sales of 300 bbls. at \$150-\$1 60-\$1 and the demand moderate; asles of 300 bbls. at \$150-\$1 60-\$1 gailon. Crode Turpentine is inactive at \$112-\$12 \$1 bbl. The market for common Rosin is very scrive and is firmer; sales of 10,00 bbls. at \$452-\$2.50-\$4.75 \$2.310 B. The better grades are dult and in the absence of sales, prices are monifol.

1011.S—The market is quiet for all descriptions, but prices are without material variation. We quote: Linseed at \$954-50.C; Crude Whale at 426-44c, and de Sperm at \$1.25.

PROVISIONS—The market for Pork is dult and heavy; sales of 300 bbls at \$15 for Mess, and \$10 for Prime. Prime Mess is scarce and wanted. Beef is without any change; the inquiry is indiced; cales of 150 bbls. at \$10.00-\$11 25 for Repacked Mess, and \$12.00-\$12 50 for Extra. Beef Hens are quiet at \$12.50-\$14 50. Cut Mests are duil at 4 diec for Shoulders, and \$12.00-\$12 50 for Extra. Beef Hens are quiet at \$12.00-\$14 50. Cut Mests are duil at 4 diec for Shoulders, and \$12.00-\$12 50 for Extra. Beef Hens are quiet at \$12.00-\$14 50. Cut Mests are duil at 4 diec for Shoulders, and \$12.00-\$10 for Shou

SUGARS continue from and active; sales of 30 per 100 fb. SUGARS continue from and active; sales of 300 fbds. Dr. to Rico, at 6 \$\tilde{a}\tau^2 \text{lo}_c\$, 1,750 fbds. Cubs, at 6 \$\tilde{a}\tilde{c}\text{c}_c\$, and 1,250 fbds. Havans, at 7 \$\tilde{a}\tilde{b}\text{d}_c\$. Refined are firm, at 9\tilde{a}\tilde{b}\tilde{f}\text{or} for Crushed, Ground, and Graundstall SALIT—The market is quiet, but prices are without quotable observer.

TALLOW-The market is quiet and the demand limited; sales of 17,000 hs. Prime at his olic cash.
WOOL—The medium grades of Demestic Florces continue in
good request and prices see firmly sustained. For other descrip-tions there seems to be no inquiry, and prices are somewhat
nominal. The sales include 40,000 h medium Flerces at 302 fc.
15,000 do. Pulled at 25 5 22 c., and 23,000 do. California, on terms not made public.
WHISKY—The supply is larger and the market is easier;

Receipts of Produce.

Arc., 26.—33.448 bbls, Flour, 1,050 do. Corn Meal, 315 do. Whisky, 117.561 hush, Wheat, 181,966 do. Corn, 10,550 do. Osts, 27 page, Oil Cake, 43 do. Ashea, 763 do. Provisiona, 165 do. Lard, 277 kegs 1,078.

Live Stock on the N. V. and Eric Railroad.

CAMPVILLE, Monday, Aug. 26, 1861.

For the week ending Monday Aug. 26, 2850 cars of Cattle; 2 cars of Hogs; 20 cars of Shoop; 2 cars of Horses. Total steek 134; add 250 cars of Express freight, making a total number of Sars banked by Stock Express trains during the week 359, showing an increase over last week of — cars of Live Stock. Total increase of all Cars hauled by Stock Express, 29.

ALLEN-CLAGETT- At Possons, D. C., on Tuesday last, Aug. 20, by the Rev. John Robert Effinger of Virginia, Ethan Allen of New Fork City, to Mes. Eliza, designer of the late Darini Clagett of Washington City.

Baltimore papers please copy.

ABAHBOT—ISAACS—On Saturday, Aug. 24, Lieut. D. D. Abahbot of Augrs, Perceirs, Azores, to Jane, eldest daughter of Capt. Lyon Isaace of Company C, Ira Harris Guard, cavalry, at No. 5 Division street. HALSTED-CAMERDEN-On Monday, Aug. 26, by the Rev Peter Stryker, at the residence of the bride's father, Capt. William P. Halsted, 1st Regiment U. S. Chessenrs, to Lircle C., only daughter of Mr. Henry Camerden, jr., both of this city.

MITTED.

BURNS - On Monday, Aug. 26, Annie Kate, only child of Charles De F, and Fillie Burns, aged 2 months and 2 days. friends and relatives of the family are respectfully in the end her fone at this (Tuesday) afternoon at 3 o'clock, i , 162 East Thirty-ninth street.

ATCHELDER-On Monday, Aug. 26, Annie, youngest daugh-ter of W. and Annie M. Batchelder.

ter of W and Annie M. Batchelder.
The relatives and frends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her inneral from the residence of her parents, No. 32 West Forty-strib street, on Taesday, 27th Inst., at 12 o'clock, without further unite. BRU S -On To-sday, Aug. 20, Ida, infant daughter of Thomas

and is clea Bruns.

COLE—On Monday, Aug. 26, Malinds R. Cole, daughter of the Intel Isrnet Cole of this city.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her fauses; from No. 177 Dunie street, at 2½ o'clock p. mb, on Thursiay next, without further invisation.

COLLINS—At Westchester, on Saturday, Aug. 24, Maria R. Collies, aced 32 years and 2 menths.

Collins, ared 22 years and 2 menths.

DENINGUE—In this city, on Monday, Aug. 26, Frances Denison, adopted doughter of Exza Bonlison, aged 18 years.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the rea dence of her under W. G. Lyon, No. 229 West Twenty-tirst street, on Tuesday, 75th, at 2 o'clock. DAVIN-On Saturday, Aug. 24, Edward Davin, aged 55 years, a native of County Tipperary, Ireland.

A NATION OF SAUTION, AUG. 25, Edward Davis, aged 55 years, a native of County Tipperary, Poland.

ELDERHORST—On Sunday, July 77, in Maracalbo, at the reddence of Gov. Serrano. William Elderhorst, M. D., a native of Gerrany, and for averal years Professor of themistry in Troy, N. Y., or yellow fever after a sickness of ten days.

His momerous triends can leave particulars by applying to Messra. Sincistra & Rose, New York.

GREENWOOD—At Mormon Island, Cal., on Saturday, July 13, of dropsy afters longward painful illness, Edward Greenwood, in the 55d year of his age.

HILL—In Brooklyn, at No. 404 Pacific street, on Monday, Aug. 26, Mary ass, wife of Robert Hull, in the 56th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the four-ral from St. Peter's Church, in State street, rear Bond. on Turesday, the 27th, at 3 o'clock, p. m., without further notice. Wisconsitu papers please copy.

HATFIELD—In this city, on Monday. Aug. 26, of Alberta.

HATFIELD—In this city, on Morday, Aug. 26, of diabetes, Ellen Regins, wife of Jacob H. Hatneld, in the 30th year of ner age. JACORUS-On Menday, Aug. 26, Edmund Janes Jacobus, son of William W. and Mirry L. Jacobus, aged 6 years, 1 month

of William W. and Mary L. Jacobus, aged 6 years, I month and 4 days. is remains will be taken to Orange County for interment, from the residence of his parents, No. 432 Thirty-fifth street, we

LAWSON-In this city, on Sunday, Ang 25, of disease of the heart. William A. Lawson, aged 22 years, 8 months and 5 days. MULLER-In this city, on Sunday, Aug. 25, Sophie Harting, wife of John F. C. Mailler, in the 20th year of her age. MOSS-In this city on Sonday, Aug. 25, Catharine Elizabeth, only daughter of M rvella and the late James Moss, aged 3 years, 4 months and 28 days.

years, 4 months and 2 days. MORRISON—In Jarsey Gity, N. J., on Sunday morning, Aug 25, of consumption, Sarah Morrison, in the 35th year of her age O'LOUGHLAN—In Brooklyn, on Sunday, Aug. 25, at 7; o'clock, Mary O'Loughian, aged 21 years, 7 months and 23 days. THOMPSON-In Jersey City, on Sunday morning, Aug. 25, Thomas B. Thompson, in the 19th year of his age. TEMPLE-in Brooklyn, on Sunday, stug. 25, Annie, wife of Mr. Thomas A. Temple.

AGRICULTURAL FAIRS IN 1861.-The following list gives the time and place of holding all the State Fairs, or those of a national character to be holden in the Autumn of 1861. Those where the date is left blank omit their usual annual fairs for this year The list is copied from The Country Gentleman (Albany) of Aug. 22, which gives a list of the county fairs in all the Northern and Western States:

THE OF STATE AND PROVINCIAL PAIRS.

American Institute
Canada, Opper Loudon, C. W. Bept. 32 2. Connecticut No exhibition Illinois Chicago, Sept. 9, 14 Indiana Indianapolis Iowa Iowa City, Sept. 92, 12 Kentucky, Louisville, Sept. 17, 21, Kentucky, Central Louisville, Sept. 17, 21, Kentucky, N. Eastern Ashland Maine Pertiand Michigan Detroit, Sept. 24, 27, Minnesota St. Antiony, Sept. 27, Nebraska Ornaha New Brunnwick Susses, Oct. 14 New Hampshire Manchester
New Jersey. Watertown, Sept. 17, 20. New York. Dayton, Sept. 10, 13. Ohio. Dayton, Sept. 10, 13. Oregon. Oregon City, Oct. 1, 5.
Pennsylvania. St. Louis. Ag and Mechanical Association. St. Louis. Tennessee. Nashville. Nashville. Tennessee. Middle Division. Franklin. Vermoni. Rotland. Sept. 10, 13. Wisconsin. Misconsei. Misconsei. Wisconsin. Ag. and Mech. Misconsei. Misconsin. Ag. and Mech. Misconsei.
RHODE ISLAND. Society for Encouragement of Domestic Industry. Show

of Figs Cetton, Providence, Sept. 11. Kingston Electoral. Kingston Sept. 25.
Toronto Electoral. Toronto, Oct. 7, 19.

In the list of County Fairs, we find but one in Maine three in New-Hampshire, three in Vermont, two in Connecticut, one in New-York, four in Pennsylvania, one in Indiana, one in California, one in Oregon, and one in Utah. The following States have the largest number-omitting those named in the list to which dates are not allixed, presuming such are not to be holden this year: Ohio, 57; New-York, 34; Illinois, 29; Iowa, 27; Massachusetts, 24; Wisconsin, 8; Lower Canada, 10,

This indicates a state of feeling among farmers to enjoy their usual annual holiday, in despite of Jeff. Davis, and the "war now raging in Virginia." Less han one-fourth of all the annual agricultural fairs in the Free States are intermitted this year, while in those at war with them we do not hear of a single instance is State, county, society or association, where the usual fair is to be held. Is that the complex on to which war has already brought the rebel States ?

WHAT THE OATH OF ALLEGIANCE IS WORTH .-The Wheeling (Va.) Intelligencer reports the arrest of a rebel, one Price, who has been found in arms after taking the oath of allegiance, and it describes the care

thus:

"One man, by the name of Price, a dark-visaged, impudent-looking man, who was brought in frum framington, on Tuesday evening, was arrested the day our troops occupied the camp at the burnt bridges. The oath of alleguance was administered and Price was released. He paid no more attention to the oath than if it had been administered upon a brickbat or a pack of cards, and it was not long before he was again found in arms, shooting at Union men and committing outrages. He was again arrested, and again released. The last time, however, fortestance having ceased to be a virtue, he was sent down here."

CITY ITEMS.

Secession Merchants.—At a sugar-broker's office in Wall street, a few Secessionists are in the habit of meeting and talking, daily, over the war news, in which they take sides very strongly with treason. At another office in the same street the loquacious senior partner (though not a resident of this city) daily discourses on the horrors of civil war and denounces the Beechers, Sumners, Lovejoys, &c. This gentleman, however, is considered harmless. A Broad-street com mission-house has recently become obnoxious to the business community on account of its Southern tendenies. Among the flour and grain brokers two wellknown friends of the traitors, who could be named, have lost the business of Union men on account of their disloval course.

The recent presentment by the Grand Jury of the Secession press caused considerable excitement among this class, and helped to develop the strong Union feeling of New-York merchants. The action of the authorities was almost unanimously approved. The few traitors at large who look to The Journal of Commerce for aid and consolation were the only class who manifested uneusiness. One merchant named John Culbert, of the house of Culbert & Finlay, during the excite ment of the last few days, took occasion to remark that he wished the Rebel privateers would en er our harbor, seize our vessels, and fire the city." Mr. Rufus Story of Front street, hearing the remark, immediately s'apped his face, and denounced him publicly in the street as a traitor. Another friend of Southern institutions, late of the Monumental City, but more recently doing business here, mainly for Bultimore account, was ordered out of the office of a house in Wall street lately f r intimating that President Lincoln and his whole Cabinet could or would be bought off by the Rebels for the sum of \$1,000,000. Many other instances are duly occurring where our merchants show how promptly and decisively they can act toward the foes of the Covernment when they show their colors.

AS ARTILLERY COLONEL IN TRIBULATION.-The Colonels of incipient regiments appear to be doomed to many trials in their patriotic efforts to raise and prepare their commands for the War for the Union. Col. John W. Latson of the New-York Horse Artillery whose regiment is quartered at Camp Low, State Island, has become the subject of one of these ordeals. Yesterday be was brought before Justic Osborn, at the First District Police Court, charged with obtaining clothing, valued at \$212 50, for his regiment under false pretenses. It appears by the affidavits of several witnesses that on the 13th of the present month Co'. J W. Latson represented to the firm of Brownell & Wilson, wholesale c'othing dealers in Courtlandt street that he had been authorized by the War Departmen to purchase clothing for his regiment, and to make drafts upon the Government for the same. Messre. Brownell & Wilson set forth that they expressed their willingness to accept such drefts in payment, where upon Col. J. W. Latson purchased clothing to the value \$212 50, but failed to hand over the draft on the delivery of the goods. The Colonel, however, denied that he had been guilty of the transaction. The Justice immitted him to answer the charge of false pretonse at the next Court of General Sessions on the first Monday in September. John N. Mead became security for the accused in the sum of \$500.

CITY MORTALITY.-The number of deaths in the city last week was 522, of which there were men 88; women, 73; boys, 182; girls, 179. The decrease from the corresponding week of last year was 27, and 26 from the week previous. Of 234 deaths from acut discuse, there were of chelera infantam, 93; con vulsions, infantile, 33; diarrhea, 22; inflammation of the brain, 17; inflammation of the lungs, 13; dysentery, 11; measles, 10; inflammation of the bowels, 8; scar let fever, 7; croup, 7; sun-stroke, 7. Of 194 deaths from chronic disease, there were from consumption 67; marasmus, infantile, 66; drocey in the head, 18 dropsy, 8. There were 34 deaths from other causes. The following is a table of ages:

24
24
14
Il
3

2
reland, 77;

Germany, 29; England, 9; British America, 4; Scot land, 3; Italy, 2; Prussia, Sweden, Wales, and the West Indies, 1 each; unknown, 3. Of the children of native parents, 12 died; of foreign parents, 283. There were 86 deaths in the public institutions, being an increase of 27 over the corresponding week of last Vent

MINOR CITY ITEMS .- The Steamship Great is appropried to sail from for Liverpool on October 5,....The of letters addressed to persons in the Seceded States which were retained in the New-York Post-Office on Saturday, was 18; and yesterday, 12.... The German Odd Fellows of this city and Brooklyn held their annual pic-nic at Jones's Wood yesterday. During the day the exercises consisted of dancing and singing, and at night they had a brilliant display of fire works The following candidates, having been duly examined, have been appointed officers in the Beveni cutter service; John McGowan, of N. J., Captain; Rufus Coffin, of Mass., First Lieutenant; Henry H. Weish, of Mass., Second Lieutenant; Morton Phillips. of N. Y., Third Lieutenant; Henry D. Hall, of Maine, Third Lieutenant; Frank Barr, of Delaware, Third Lieutenant.

CHARGED WITH BIGAMY, -- Seventeen years since, or thereabouts, John J. Hays, who is a saitmater, and who has resided at Bay Ridge, L. I., wooed and won Sarah E. Blair, to whom he was married. For fifteen years they lived together, but at the end of that time having become enamored of Miss Jane White, who now resides in Doughty street, Brooklyn, he married her also. . By some means or other the last enarried wife found out the former relations which John had contracted, and the social and domestic obligation which he was still under by reason of said relationship and at once, like a good and true woman, preferred a complaint against him before Justice Osborn yesterday. which complaint the original Mrs. Hays was present to sustain. After hearing all the testimony, the Justice committed the prisoner to the Tombs for trial, in default of \$2,000 bail.

THE SIXTH WARD POOR .- The Superintendent of the Five Points House of Industry states that the families of workingmen in the Sixth Ward who have enlisted are more comfortably provided for now than at any time for three years, many families drawing relief from the funds appropriated to that purpose, and also the pay of their husbands. There is, however, great suffering among the families who have no representa tives in the army of volunteers, especially those of widows and old men who are out of employment. At the House of Industry they feed every day 300 children of the locality, which is 100 more than the number in the same month last year, The benevolent ought not to allow the institution to want for means to carry on its benevolent operations.

AWARD OF CONTRACTS FOR STREET IMPROVEMENTS. -The following contracts were awarded in the Croton Department, yesterday, for regulating, &c., the following streets: With cobble stone-Twenty-eighth street, between Eleventh avenue and Hudson River, to John Rourke, at \$456 20; 12 bids. With trap block-Forty-seventh street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues, to Patrick Lynch, at \$3,781 19; 14 bids. Forty-third street, between Sixth avenue and Broadway, to Patrick Lynch, at \$3,819 51; 15 bids. Fifty-fifth street, between Third and First avenues, to Hugh Humes, at \$6,438 75; 14 bids.

COMMITTEE ON THE CHARTER CONVENTION .- The Committee on the Charter Convention met yesterday.

There were present E. F. Purdy, G. W. Blunt, A. J. Williamson, Peter B. Sweeney, and A. V. Stont. The Committee decided to meet on Wednesday, the 4th of September, to nominate officers and prepare by-laws for the Convention, and directed the Chairman to call

tember 9, at 2 p. m. THE INCOME TAX .- This law goes into effect on the lst of January next, instead of the 1st of April, 1862, as the original draft of the bill provided, and the tax is payable on incomes received during the present year.

The forty-ninth section of the act says: I me norty-minth section of the act says:

* The tax herein provided shall be assessed upon the annual income of the persons bereinefter named for the year preceding the time for assessing said tax, to wit. The year next preceding the first of Janoary, eighteen hundred and sixty-two."

It will therefore be seen that all who are in receipt

of incomes over \$800 a year, must pay their tax at the rate of three per cent for the whole of the present year on so much of their income as exceeds \$800 per

ALLEGED FORGERY .- Yesterday Julius Frankon stein, a German, about 40 years of age, was brought before Justice Osborn, charged with forging a note of hand for \$90 in the name of L. Abrams purporting to be in business at No. 72 Chatham street. The note was passed to Moses A. Labenstein of No. 71 Allen street, to whom the accused represented, that Mr. Abrams kept the store as above. Mr. L. Abrams could not be found at the number given, nor at any other number. Under these circumstances Mr. Frankenstein was committed for trial in default of \$1,000

SANITARY .- The following is the work of the Bureau of Sunitary Inspection last week:

There was seized of unsound and unwholesom Beef, 450 lb; veal, 150 lb; mutton, 75 lb; fish, 350 fb; poultry, 94 lb; pork, 400fb; tripe, 375 fb; sausages, 100 lb; cheese, 3,750 lb-Total, 5,744 lb.

of last week, a large quantity of provisions, including 9,000 barrels of flour went from this port to Curacoa and St. Thomas. Not a single vessel has cleared from this port to Metamoras, Mexico, for three years past; but there have recently been applications for clearances for eight or ten vessels, loaded with salt leather, and articles needed in the secoded States. Passrouts.-The new regulation in regard to pass

PROVISIONS GOING SOUTH .- During the latter part

ports goes into effect immediately. Oscar Irving has eccived the appointment of Government Agent here. All persons about visiting foreign countries will call upon him at his office, No. 34! Pine street. McCLELLAN MEDALS .- Mr. John H. Tingley of No.

bearing the likeness of the gallant Gen. McClellan, with various appropriate patriotic devices. PILOT COMMISSIONERS.-The Board of Underwriters, on Saturday, reelected Russell Sturgis and George W. Blunt to be Pilot Commissioners, a posi-

1524 Fulton street has just got out a tasteful medal

tion which they have held since 1845. THE VOLUNTEER AID FUND .- The subscriptions to the fund for the relief of the families of volunteers amount to \$299,600.

LAUNCH.-The U. S. steam gunboat Scheca will be launched from the shippard of J. Simonson, near Tenth street Ferry, Greenpoint, at 11 o'clock, to-day.

THE ALABAMA. The schooner Alabama, which was seized on Saturday, is to be libeled.

FIRE. -Shortly after 10 o'clock vesterday farenoon, the varnish factory located at the foot of Twenty-fifth street, East River, owned by Smith, Baldwin & Co., took fire. The firemen were soon on the spot, but, despite their exertions, the flames apread, and bid defiance to every effort for the preservation of the property. The inflammable nature of the material is stock rendered it too formaliable an opponent for all the water that could be thrown upon it. The building was gutted, and its contents totally destroyed. The loss was estimated at about \$10,000 or \$12,000. property was insured for \$5,250, in the followin Companies: Etn., \$1,500; Commercial, \$1,500; Mar hattan, \$1,500, and Excelsier, \$750. The buildin was owned by Jacob Vanderpool, and the damage done to it amounts to about \$2,000, said to be fully insured. It appears that the five was caused by the upressing of some turpensine by the side of a kettle of variash. James Slaterly, one of the workmen, was badly burned, and was conveyed to Bellevue Hospital.

Highway Robbery.—At an early hour yesterday morning, Mr. Friederick Streller, on his way to his residence in Twelfth street, when near home, was assailed by a man who jumped suddenly from the shadow of a building, and catching his stans, exclaimed in a low but emphatic tone, "Your money, Sir!" Mr. Steller, on recovering from the temporary stupor produced by the assault, quietly informed Mr. Thief that his money was carefully laid away in a sung place at home. But the assailant discredited the cool confession of his victim, and dragging him violently into an alley, expited his pockets of the bose change which they contained, be the amount more or less. As the thief ram off, Mr. S. shouted vehemently, "Watch, watch," and Officer Engan of the Seventeenth Ward promptly gave chose, and arrested the villain. He was taken before Justice Steers, to whom he gave his name as Andrew Keenan. He was held to trial in default of \$1,000 bad.

ANOTHER BURNING FLUID ACCIDENT .- On the 12th ANOTHER BURNING FLUID ACCIDENT.—On the 12th of the present month Mrs. Christina Miller, a sative of Germany, and about 23 years of age, was in the act of lifting a can of fluid from the table in her house, No. 145 Second street, when the bottom of the vessel fell out. The fluid, which was scattered in all directions, was ignited by a lighted lamp which was in the apartment. Her clothing caught fire, and she was burned that the following caught fire, and she was burned and the state of the following caught fire and she was burned to the following caught fire and she was burned to the following caught fire and she was burned to the following caught fire and she was burned to the following the same and the same an ment. Her clothing caught fire, and she was burned in the most fearful manner. She died on Sunday even-ing. Yesterday Coroner Jackman was called to hold an inquest on her body, and the Jury rendered a ver-diet of accidental death.

ONE SOLDIER SHOOTS ANOTHER .- Philip Bach and ONE SOLDIER SHOOTS ANOTHER.—Philip Bach and Daniel Dall, both members of a rifle regiment quartered at Conrad's Park, quarreled with each other on Saturday afternoon, which resulted in Dall drawing a loaded pistol, and discharging its contents in the face of Bach, who was very badly hurt. Dall immediately made his escape, but was arrested by the police yesterday, at his residence, No. 222 Seventeenth street, and taken before Justice Steers, at Essex Market, who committed him for trial.

about 9] o'clock some reckless fellow discharged a loaded pictol in Leonard, near Hudson street. The bullet entered the right breast of Mrs. Catharine Gavin, who was standing near by. Fortunately, however, the missile did not penetrate to a dangerous depth. Dr. Eager was called in, and after examining the wound pronounced it trivial. The fellow who shot the pistol, on heaving of the result of his conduct, ran away and is yet at large. RECKLESS USE OF ARES .- On Sunday evening

FIRE IN TWENTY-FIFTH STREET .- On Monday morn ing about 10 o'clock a fire broke out in the varnish fac-tory at the foos of Twenty-fifth street, E. R. In a few minutes the whole building was enveloped in flames. The firemen exerted themselves to the extent of their ability, but did not succeed in extinguishing the fire. The damage is estimated at \$10,000.

Boy DROWNED.—On Saturday evening Henry Miller, a boy about eight years of age, fell accidentally into the dock at the foot of Bethune street, North River, and was drowned. The body was recovered almost immediately, and conveyed to the residence of his parents, No. 139 Hammond street. The Coroner was notified to hold an inquest.

FOUND DROWNED.—Yesterday, the body of an unknown man, in a state of advanced decomposition, was found floating in the dock at the foot of Pike street, East River. The deceased appeared to be about 40 years of age. The body was removed to Bellevue Hospital, and Coroner Jackman notified to hold an inconest. GEORGE RYE.-INFORMATION WANTED as to

the whereshouts of Ground Rve of Woodstock 11 Oursboar Tw. Spatter, Samuit Co., Onto.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S OFFICE-AUS. 26.
ROBERT MURRAY, MARSHAL.
A STATE PRISONER FROM RHODE ISLAND. The Marshal of Rhode Island yesterday afternoon rought to this city William M. Fisk, who was arrested a meeting of the Charter Convention for Monday, Sepin Newport, charged with treason. He is a Louisi anian by birth, alleged to have been engaged in treasonable correspondence, and was arrested by direction of the State Department at Washington and transferred to Marshal Murray at this city, who at a late bour last night conveyed him to Fort Lafayette.

CONFLICT OF AUTHORITY-THE RIGHT TO SEIZE SUSPECTED VESSELS.

Between the Marshal and the Surveyor a question has arisen as to which of them has the right to seize suspected vessels. A few days ago the schooner Alabama arrived here from Smyrna, Del. She was sold in this city, and commenced teking in cargo. The Marshal received information that the vessel intended to attempt to run the blockade and make her way to the Rebel States. An affidavit to this effect was made on Saturday morning, and the vessel was seized by on Saturday morning, and the vessel was seized by Deputy Marshal McKay, on authority of Marshal Murray.

Shortly after a Custom-House officer came on board and was proceeding to place locks on the vessel, when he was informed by the Deputy Marshal that he was in possession. The visit of the Custom-House officer he was informed by the Deputy Marshal that he was in possession. The visit of the Custom-House officer was occasioned by the demand of a clearance for the vessel to proceed to Washington, D. C. The circumstances attending the application being suspicious, it was refused, and the Custom-House officer sent down to seize the vessel. On being told by the Deputy Marshal that he was in possession, the Custom-House officer retired, but subsequently returned with a posse of men, hended by the Sorveyor (Andrews) in person, who took passession despits the protest of the Deputy Marshal. The vessel is still held by the Surveyor, and will be until the life is filled, when she necessarily passes into the Marshal's possession. The occasion of all this anxiety relative to prior seizure and possession lies in the fact that if the seized vessel be condemned to confiscation, those making the original seizure reto confiscation, those making the original seizure re-ceive a certain share of the proceeds. Both the Mar-shal and Surveyor claim to have watched the vessel some time, and to have been entitled to be considered the original seizers.

U. S. PRIZE COMMISSIONERS-Aco. 26.-Before Commis

The examination into the circumstances attending the seizure of this vessel was concluded this morning. The vessel and cargo, it seems, were owned by citizens in Rio Janeiro and in Baltimore. She sailed from Rio Janeiro for Baltimore, but prior to sailing, the captain was instructed that, in case of any trouble exists was instructed that, in case of any trouble examing the United States, he should at once proceed to Humpton Roads, and wait instructions from the owners in Baltimore. While thus waiting the vessel was seized. There being no proof that the vessel incended to run the blockade, or that she or the cargo was owned by the Rebels, the Commissioners decided that she should

e discharged. Mr. Woodford for the United States; Mesers. Upton, Barney & Booth for the captors.

THE PRINCE LEOPOLD.

By direction of the State Department seals have been placed on this vessel, which came into this port

under the English thag after having cleared from a rebel port. UNITED STATES DISTRICT-ATTORNEYS OFFICE-ANG. 26.

CASE OF FOWLER, THE DEFAULTING POSTMASTER.

CASE OF FOWLER, THE DEFAULTING POSYMASTER. In this case the Government have not yet directed the taking of the appeal from the decision of Judge Betts relative to the bonds of Mr. F., as advised by Judge Roosevelt and Mr. Girard, who also advocated the commencement of an action at common law for the recovery of the penalty of the bond, notwithstanding the special proceedings already bad. COURT OF COMMON PLEAS-CHARBERS.-Acg. 26.

Fox, &c., agt. Heath, &c.-Motion granted.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT-Arg. 26.-Before Judge Berry. PRIZE SCHOONER FOREST KING. On application of Mr. Daniel Lord, an order was granted allowing the prize schooner Forest King to be bonded, that the owner may dispose of her to Government, who wish to buy and convert her into a gun-

SUPREME COURT-CHARBERS-AUG. 26,-Before Just

out. A verified petition of the above facts was placed

Henry W. Sargent et al. agt. Phock Wyckoff.-Referred to Orsamus Bushnell, esq., to take proof of the facts, and report, with bis opinion. Thomas Galway et al. agt. The United States Steam Sugar Refining Company. Order settled.

. Little et al. agi. Jane E. Schott et al.-Order ranted to show cause.

James J. Bross agt. Philip Dingeldien.—Order

granted.

In the matter of the application of Wm. H. Heyberger et al.—Reference to B. Leffingwell, esq., to ascertain and report as to the fitness of the party proposed to be substituted, &c.

posed to be substituted, &c.

THE BABY ACT.

Charles Spencer was brought up on a writ of habeas corpus, asking his discharge from enlistment in Col. Latson's Regiment, stationed at Staten Island, on the ground that he had enlisted without his parents' consent. It appearing that the lad was over 18 years of age, the Judge took the papers for the purpose of minutely examining as to the power to discharge on such a plea where the applicant is over 18.

Lecoold Simons, enlisted as a drummer-boy in the

enlisted as a drummer-box in the German Rangers, 14 years and 6 months old, was dis-charged, being under 18, and having enlisted without

COMMON PLEAS-CHAMBERS. - August 26. - Hon. John R. POSITION OF AN INFANT AS AN ASSIGNOR.

POSITION OF AN INFANT AS AN ASSIGNOR.

Fox agt. Heath.

Brady, J.—The assignment which the plaintiff in this case seeks to set aside, was executed by three partners, one of whom is an infant. The interest of such infant did not pass by the assignment. The assignee took no title, could convey none as to his part, and the execution of the trust is impossible. The assignment of property for the benefit of creditors must be absolute and irrevocable in terms, and the instrument itself not subject to any defeasance by the act of

be absolute and irrevocable in terms, and the instrument itself not subject to any defeasance by the act of any of the parties. The act of the infant in signing the paper is voidable, and may be counteracted by him either before or at maturity.

The estate cannot be administered with the doubt of the infant's ratification, which can be solved only when the infant arrives at 21 years. The creditors cannot be delayed under such circumstances. I think the assignment void, and that a Receiver should be appointed. I think, also, that the assignment reduced by law and having accepted the performance of the trust, should be appointed the Receiver in this case, and order accordingly. Order to be entered herein to be settled on two day's notice.

NEW-JERSEY ITEMS.

RIOT .- On Sunday evening a drunken party at-Rior.—On Sunday evening a drunken party attempted to enter a liquor store in Greene street, Jersey City, kept by Michael Carey, but were refused admittance on account of its being Sunday. The party then broke open the door and destroyed considerable furniture and fixtures. Officers Harney, Goff, and Kipp came up and arrested John Maddox, the ringleader, when his friends rallied, and in rescuing him a desperate fight occurred. The officers were badly beaten, officer Harney receiving a severe cut on the head with a stone. Chief of Police Marinus, with a posse of men, sood arrived, and, with the aid of citizens, quelled the riot, and fifteen of the men were subsequently arrested. Yesterday, Recorder Martindale held them for examination.

RECEPTION OF A NEW ENGINE-A SINGULAR ACCI RECEPTION OF A NEW ENGINE—A SINGULAR ACCI-DENT.—Yesterday afternoon, Washington Engine Company No. 4 of Jersey City brought home their new engine, and were received and escorted through the principal streets by Engine Company No. 2 and Hose Company No. 4. It is a crane-neck engine, manufactured by Mr. Dennison of Newark, at a cost of about \$1,800. At the trial at Washington Park, the air-chamber exploded with a report which sounded like a cannon, and was heard several blocks away.

His Honor Mayor Van Vorst of Jersey City has been empowered by Gov. Olden to receive and muster in recruits for the regiments now forming.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—Yesterday afternoon two men in the employ of the New-York and Eric Railroad Company, at the Long Dock, were accidentally thrown from a dirt car and seriously injured. One of them, John Wetmore, had one of his arms torn off at the shoulder, and the other man had his foot crushed so that amputation was necessary.

A BRUTAL HUSBAND .- A woman named Flan

residing in Newark avenue, Jersey City, was beaten in a cruel manner by her hubband on Sunday night-Dr. Hudden was called in and found that one of her legs was frustruct below the knee. Flaunigan was arrested and committed to prison.

THE GREAT EASTERN STEAMSHIP.

Boilers and engines that eat up 300 tons of coal per

day must be "some;" and yet so smoothly does the mammoth machinery work, and so enormous is this great hull, this acre of island affect on the sea, that it

has been a question with me for some moments whether

we are in motion or at rest! I could solve it here in

Correspondence of The N. Y. Tribuna.
On BOARD GREAT EASTERN, GULF OF ST. LAWRENCE.
Tuesday, Aug. 6, 1861.

my room, and looking out of the 16-inch port-hole, only by fixing my eye on the line of one side of the hole and watching to see the scenery of the shore change position. No creaking of timbers, no pulsations of bidden fires, no throbs and thross give indication that we are elsewhere than on an island of land fast an chored. To be sure, we are not yet out on ocean; I may have something different as well as more to tell when there. We left Quebec this morning considerwhen there. We left Quebec this morning considerably after daylight instead of 2 o'clock, and consequently lost nearly a tide, for we have been lying here at anchor for some three or four hours within easy spy-glass sight of Quebec. Now we are noving—1½ p. m. I thought we had started; but to satisfy myself, had to adopt the method above described.

An unexpected avaianche of passengers came aboard last night, some 200 in number, and rather discomboberated matters in the dining-room this morning. Prominent among the discomboberated individuals at the little table where I sat was an old, red-faced, sharpvisaged Canadian. I had myself felt vexed at first, because on entering I perceived that every plate had a name on it and I was without a seat at \$30, while the majority, who had paid but \$65, had places, and the waiter insisted on my breakfusting in the second-class room, where the smell of bilge water was to me intolerable. I refused positively, preferring to do without. I regarded it as the steward's business to look out for the few "grand saloom" passengers who had paid \$30, and see that they at least had seats in seepang with payment. But the custom on occan steamers is to register your name for the table; men who cross often are up to this; but seven years had obliterated the fact from my memory. The steward, per force, made up a couple of small tables for the discontented, but earlied his point by making us all wait until the long tables were through, thus virtually putting us at the second table, although in first-class room. But I did not feel disposed to complain of this, as he evidently had not thince in working order the first morning. But the old Canadian was not to be "pat off." Somebody claimed his face was all aglow; the Mont Blanc of his firmness and self-esteam grew more aperian; he would not give up his seat. A voacg lady sat down by the side of his wife. The annable spone contracted to make room. "Eliza" shouted the old man, and the old man yielded to npbod?. Still the table remained empty, whi ably after daylight instead of 2 o'clock, and conse quently lost nearly a tide, for we have been lying satisfied or weary, and left. In general, by a control time, had the promised "fresh breakfast" cooked. The old man grew more counsbacent. Poor coffee, poor milk, poor tea, poor break, poor ham, and poor steak all went the same way. Somehow everybedy got over their pouting, and all went well. But in the milest of my dissatisfactions—even at their hight—had to burst into a fit of language as I looked around upon the tables full of very faces and coursested them

upon the tables full of very faces and contrasted them with the "topler" two tables full of peoples "over the way." So goes life.

Fre o'clock p. m.—Our noble vessel moves steadily on, but occan is yet abead of us; blue hills are still beride us. I have just returned from a vain attempt to get a dinner. A "fresh-nan" with two ladies protested that last night he had secured seats at that identical table, and at that identical s.ot. I preferred to do without dinner than to either argue the point, get out of temper, or go into the second-chass dining-room, and although I was so faint that my legs trembled under me, I very placifly retired. Fortunstely for me, I purchased a pound of sods biscuit just as I was coming on board. These, when a scaple of pounds of super and a notice of Cozens's white port, will have me for two or three days yet. I dare say Providence me for two or three days yet. me for two or three days yet. I dare say Providence will send me something more by the time this gives ont. But could I make my voice heard by all who purpose going abroad on the Great Eastern, I would say to them, "Friends, for a week or two before starting, practice living on blesuit and water, and when you come aboard the great ship bring year provisions with you!" On this ship, blessed are they who calculated the great ship bring year provisions with you!" On this ship, blessed are they who calculated the great ship bring years provisions. late on nothing to eat, for they are sure to be not dis appointed. There must be in this vessel at the pro-ent moment nearly a thousand people, all told. Exent moment nearly a nouseand people, and to the cept at meal time, no one would suspect a crowd. Whenever this unfortunate vessel falls into capable hands she will earn money for her owners. May God hasten the day, for it is too bad that each a vessel should be so badly managed. To have built this vessel is glory enough for any nation, and so Providence segment to derroe for it is evidently left for another mation to furnish the requestie ability to run her. En gland may as well aband, of this part of the enterprise and at once advertise in the world's market for the

A TALE OF A SHIRT.—One of the traiton or spice arrested in Harrisburg a day or two ago, on the way from Virginia to New-York, was a man named W. J. Kelly. He and his two courades were all thoroughly scarched, and evidence was found on each sufficient to prove that they were properly arrested. Mr. Kelly turn was the last one, and his case was much the most interesting. He had taken off all his clothes but his

man. I predict that he is "are and," and that he is a Yankee.

turn was the last one, and his case was much the most interesting. He had taken off all his clothes but his shirt, and nothing contraband or treasonable had been found on him. He stood thus before the Mayor and an examining officer, and under the circumstances the position was a very embarrassing one: for, to say nothing of ordinary modesty, which may even exist among the Rebels, the owner of that shirt knew that it was lined with treason. The raising of that garment would reveal his treason, and probably make his life forfeit.

The moment of suspense, during which Mr. Kelly stood thus before his curious captors, must have been a rather agonizing one. But fancy his feelings when the officer remarked something peculiar in the hang of his shirt, and fancy them when he was ordered to take it off. He trembled and turned pale, and his bare knees shook and knocked together. He could not endure the shock to his modesty; he called for water; he was on the point of fainting. But the officers were inexorable. The shirt came off, and the treason, as well as the person of Mr. Kelly, was laid bare. The shirt was a marvel of ingenious needle-work, having various well-concealed pockets, in which were found numerous letters from the South; some from friends in the Rebel army to their friends in Baltimo e; others to men in New-York, and a number for Europe. In addition to this, there were various bills of sale, dated at Richmond, for pork and other articles, says the reporter, were done up in neat packages, and looked as if they had been subjected to the pressure of an hydraulic press.

The ingenuity that contrived this new mode of carry-

If they had been subjected to the pressure of an hydraulic press.

The ingenuity that contrived this new mode of carrying letters was commendable; but it was baffled by the perseverance and patience of the officers at Harrisburg. Mr. Kelly was provided with another shirt, and accommodations, with his comrades, in the county prison. The money was placed, for safe keeping, in one of the banks, and the letters and other documents were delivered to the Attorney-General. There ought to be valuable revelations in these documents, concerning spice and traitors in New-York, as well as in other places. Kelly's shirt is a valuable acquisition for the Government.

[Philadelphia Bulletin, Aug. 23.

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